

THE CHAMPION CHRONICLE



VOLUME 7

CHAMPION, (Alberta) THURSDAY, FEB. 4, 1926

NUMBER 38

SAVOY CAFE



Having purchased the above Cafe from J. Maritass I solicit the continuance of the patronage this Cafe has enjoyed.

The restaurant will be thoroughly overhauled and patrons may rely on the very best service possible at very reasonable prices.

Soliciting your patronage
Leo. M. Roberts.

CHURCH BULLETIN

Rev. J. Lee announces the following services next Sunday, Feb. 11, 1926.
11 a.m.—Sunday School.
3 p.m.—Service at Blafoon School.
7.30 p.m.—Service at Champion.
Sermon subject: "The Purpose of Jesus." All welcome at these services.

Two new bills, government measures, will be introduced at the session of the legislature to open Feb. 11. These are the new Insurance Act and the new Municipal Districts Act.

The C. P. R. colonization department at Edmonton has just placed an order with the Stavlock Silo Co., of Edmonton, for 100 farm cottages and 100 barns at a total cost of \$70,000. The buildings are to be used in connection with the C. P. R. colonization plans.

Service

Champion Meat Market

J. T. Stephenson

Phone 7

GROCER

Phone 7



We carry Groceries Only and try to always have a good supply of Staple and Fancy Lines of best quality.

Tickling Coughs

Are a source of annoyance to all concerned. They rack those who suffer and are distressing to others, especially in public places. Carry a box of

Nyal Huskeys

and be free of trouble. Allow a Huskey to dissolve slowly in the mouth and let its soothing qualities allay the tickle and help prevent infection. Pleasant to take and easy to carry. 25¢ per package, af.

CHAMPION DRUG CO.

Druggists and Chemists.

Friday @ Saturday
Feb. 5-6

Douglas McLean in "Introduce Me."

HE MISSES HIS SWISS

The January school report was received too late for this issue. It will appear next week.
Coming next week---Watch for special picture

Friday @ Saturday
Feb. 5-6

It's a Comedy Wow! Jimmie came to Paris to see the sights—and there he saw Betty with soft-boiled Swiss—so he couldn't get introduced, so he followed her to the Alps where he had to climb the "craziest" peak of all—because Betty simply dated on horses. It's Laughing Lightening! In Paris and the Swiss—on the peak of the "craziest" mountain in the Alps,—with the most screamingly funny bear chase you've ever seen, ending in a thrilling, breath-taking avalanche of snowballs—right into the arms of romance.

CAMPBELL'S

"Where They All Go."



Just Unpacked!

Our first Spring shipment of
Leckie Shoes for Men.
Come in and see them!

Groceries!

Dehydrated Prunes or Beans, per package	15c
Bulk Prunes, five lbs. for	60c
Bulk Soda Biscuits, per lb	20c
Ginger Snaps, 1 lb. package	25c
Oranges, 4 dozen for	1.00

B. M. ROBERTS

NEW SPRING

MILLINERY

On Display Next Wednesday and Thursday

also New Spring Goods.

Make your selection while they are new.

MRS. THERRIAULT

Odd Pants!

We have just opened up the finest and best range of ODD TROUSERS ever shown in Champion, consisting of

Blue Serges

Tweeds

English Whicords

Here is a chance for you to match up that good suit, coat or fancy sweater.

On Friday evening, Feb. 5th, there will be a dance at Alston community hall when the old time music and old time dancing of which Henry Ford approves so strongly, will be featured. They do things in snappy style at Alston and those who attend this dance may rely on having a real good old-fashioned time.

Seven tables of bridge were in play by the Alston bridge club at the home of Mr. A. Wanapp on Tuesday. The prizes were won as follows: Mrs. G. Voisey and Mr. Ray Warren. Refreshments were enjoyed at the conclusion of the games. The next evening will be at Mr. Ray Warren's home, Tuesday, Feb. 9th.

A. W. Jopling, C. McLean, P. M. Patterson and Horace Johnson formed a rink which attended the High River bouldering from here. While they had some good games they were defeated in the open events and returned home Wednesday. A Caramangay rink skipped by Jas. McNaughton were making a good showing.

There was a good turn-out to the dance in McCullough's hall on Wednesday night, the Midnight Serenaders supplying the music.

CAMPBELL'S

"Where They All Go."

THE CHAMPION CHRONICLE
B. N. Woodhill, Publisher.

Issued every Thursday morning from the office of publication at Champion, Alberta.

Subscription \$1.50 per year, payable in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES

Legal advertisements, 15 cents per line for first insertion, 12 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of Wanted, Lost, Found, Strayed, etc., not exceeding one inch, 50 cents for first insertion; 35 cents for each subsequent insertion. Commercial rates on application.

THURSDAY, FEB. 4, 1925

NOTES AND COMMENT.

The local bouspiel just closed to the editorial mind one of the best things put on in this vicinity. The number of those living in the country taking part is not increasing as it should, but the number of visitors is decidedly satisfactory. It is a holiday week in town to a very great extent, as even the most insistent stay-at-home storekeeper would find his down town vigil longsome in the extreme. There are many people, perhaps, whose interest in sports has been too extensive, but they are not very thick in this part of the country. Champion has every reason to feel proud when considering the local bouspiel and its general effects.

It is fortunate that sufficient interest is aroused in jack rabbit drives to draw a crowd sufficient to carry out the idea. Soree enough to be seen only once and a while these long eared gentry are all right, but when their numbers increase as they have in this part of the west for the past few years, they become a menace which cannot be ignored. The rabbit drive cannot fail to help extensively in curtailing the increase of this very prolific pest.

After signing a petition against the municipal hospital, practically 100 per cent strong, in the vicinity, Alston E. F. A. have invited a speaker from Edmonton to lay before them the advantages of a municipal hospital. The only peculiar thing there is about this is why the speaker was not sent or invited before either the petition for or against the hospital was signed. The original petition was signed under what must have been a misapprehension according to later happenings and unless either the whole question is to be opened up again, or the local people succeed in convincing the government man from Edmonton that he is wrong. He must favor the hospital. He is hired to do so.

Patients sent to hospital, or going of their own accord from the municipality of Harmony have averaged about 365 hospital days for the year at a cost of slightly over \$1000.00 per year. Now the residents of a territory similar in size are asked to contribute over \$4000.00 per year for a hospital, and about one-third of the population, not being ratepayers, will receive no benefit without a further contribution to the extent of \$10.00 per family. This may look like political economy or some other kind of economy to everyone but the farmers and others who will have the extra liability fastened upon their land in other property if the by-law carries.

At a conference representative of the whole of southern Alberta, a "Settle the South" campaign, was launched, looking to the prosecution of a vigorous campaign of land

settlement in the next five years. A primary feature of the program as outlined, will be the issuance of advertising telling of the advantages of southwestern Alberta. The conference was called by the Lethbridge board of trade, and representatives from Tabor to Pincher Creek and from Champion to the boundary, were present.

W. D. McLean
New King's Printer

Announcement has been made by Premier Brownelee, of the the appointment of W. D. McLean, an official of the municipal affairs department, and a former printer and publisher, to the position of Acting King's Printer, vice J. W. Jeffery, whose resignation has now been officially accepted. Mr. McLean is taking charge of the King's Printer's branch at once. J. E. Richardson, who has been connected with the King's Printer's department for many years, will be named Assistant King's Printer.

Since November 19, when the re-organization of the King's Printer's branch was commenced, the branch has been temporarily in charge of C. G. Groff, publicity commissioner. The possibility of amalgamating the publicity branch with that of the King's Printer, was considered by the members of the government, but in view of the prospective development of the work of the publicity branch in connection with the return of the natural resources and the movement of immigration, it was finally decided that the amalgamation would not be advisable. It has been decided, however, that all government advertising will be concentrated, and, in future, handled through the publicity branch.

Mr. McLean, the new Acting King's Printer, was brought up in the printing business. He learned the trade on the Huron Expositor, at Sonthor, Ontario, and later was engaged in printing in large job printing establishments in Toronto and Bradford. When he returned to Sonthor, where he entered business with his father in a large printing establishment. Some years later he became proprietor of the Banner at Dundas, Ontario, in 1912, and came West to Edmonton to become manager of the staff of the Bulletin. A few years later he entered the service of the provincial government and has been an official of the department of municipal affairs ever since, latterly occupying a position of considerable responsibility. Mr. McLean has been a member of the executive of the Civil Service Association, and was one of the first members of the joint council of the cabinet and association.

Alfalfa Versus
Sweet Clover

(Experimental Farm Note.) Conservation of soil fertility and soil life, weed destruction, and the production of an adequate supply of roughage for the increasing numbers of live stock are matters deserving of the most earnest attention of the western farmer. The legumes best adapted for these purposes are alfalfa and sweet clover. The choice of these depends on a number of considerations. Sweet clover has the advantage of a plentiful supply of good, cheap seed while the alfalfa seed is scarce and expensive. Sweet clover has a greater soil range and will stand more easily. Both do well when sown at ten pounds per acre, with practically no difference between nurse crops. The biennial nature of sweet clover makes it adaptable to a short rotation.

Alfalfa leads in the amount and quality of the hay produced, which is the basic standard by which these should be measured. Undoubtedly, this will not apply in all sections but is true where both can be grown successfully. The hay of sweet clover is more difficult to cure. When used properly, both make excellent pasture. Alfalfa seed is more difficult to break. Southwestern grasses of Grimm and Arctic sweet clover should be used.

Every prairie farmer should become acquainted with the production and utilization of both these leguminous crops. The use of sweet clover should be tried first. Their widespread use will give more profit and greater pleasure to our agriculture. Two recent publications by the Dominion Department of Agriculture deal in detail with the growing and uses of these crops for farmers under prairie conditions.

The second 25,000 tons of Alberta coal to be sent to Ontario at the special freight rate of \$7 ton, will be under way shortly, orders having already been received from Ontario at the office of the provincial trade commissioner. This makes 50,000 tons of Alberta coal sent east this season.

The western convention of Rotarians will be held this year at Banff, Alberta, in May next.

IN THE ESTATE of Thomas Bell, late of the Village of Champion, Well Drilled, Alberta, No. 100.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the Estate of the above named Thomas Bell, died on the 31st day of August A. D. 1923, are required to file with J. Fred Smith, 219 Lancaster Building, Calgary, Alberta, by the 27th day of February 1924 a full statement duly verified of their claims and of any securities held by them, and that after the date of the death of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to his knowledge.

Try a Want Advt.

Lost—\$10 Reward

Bay Mare, colt by side, brand K.L.
F. GOTTFENBURG, Phone 692,
Champion.

Champion Lodge
No. 84.
A. F. & A. M.
G.R.A.

Meets secnd Thursdays
day in each month. Visiting lectures
welcomed.
CHAS. MCLEAN, E.F. CRAWFORD
W.M.

HOWARD E. SMITH
Is open to Buy All Your
LIVE STOCK
Highest Market Prices Paid.
Phone 18, Champion.

LONG LOUIE
CAFE
The Place to EAT

Remodelled throughout, re-decorated and painted.
Private booths for those who desire privacy.

The Best Meals for
the Money
Served in Town.

Fruits, Tabaclos, Cigars and
Soft Drinks.

Velvet Ice Cream

Your Purchases
Are Investments

You would not think of investing your dollars in a poor proposition.
Then why invest your dollars in inferior goods at any price?

Myers' Pumps Are Not Cheap

but Myers' Pumps serve you better. That is why Myers' Pumps are universally known and used, regardless of price.

"Myers" on a pump is your guarantee of quality.

"Myers" on a pump is your guarantee of service.

Myers' seamless drawn Brass Cylinders are equipped with Glass Valve Seats which always insure leak proof valves. Repairs always procured quickly. Many Myers' Cylinders have not seen the sunlight for over ten years.

LET US SHOW YOU THESE GOODS. WE CAN OUTFIT YOU ANY TIME.

W. C. HOSKINS
Guaranteed Hardware.

See Our New Spring Styles in Printing

Still selling all Winter Goods at prices so low you simply can't resist them.

Come and See
Gunder Nerison.

billiards

promotes
good fellowship

**The Savoy Hotel**

is the Most Commodious, the Best Furnished and provides the best Accommodation to the travelling public of any hotel between Calgary and Leithbridge on the Aldersyde Branch.

Special Rates to farmers in the District.

Your Patronage Solicited.

STEAM HEATED

ELECTRIC LIGHTED

Dr. R. R. McIntyre
DENTIST

714 Herald Block, - Calgary.
Will be at Champion all day Mon-
day each week.

Appointments may be arranged at

Moffatt's Hardware.

J. FRED SCOTT LL.B.

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Pub
lic, of 219 Lancaster Building Calgary,
will be in Champion every Saturday
afternoon and evening, in old Mun-
icipal office.

Art. Hopkins
Licensed

Auctioneer

Address

Champion P. O. for
Reservations and
Terms.

Very Gratifying Success Is Achieved By British Settlers Coming Under Assisted Scheme

It has been said that one of the factors which might become an incentive to British immigration to Canada in 1926 and the years following would be the satisfaction and success achieved by those British families moved to the Dominion in the course of the present year to be settled on farms under the assisted scheme of the Canadian Government. Through the terms of the Overseas Settlement Act, the Imperial and Canadian governments have entered into an agreement whereby those families in the British Isles who have been assisted on to Canadian farms will be assisted on to Canadian farms. The colonists were to be provided on arrival with a farm which they would make self-sufficient, equipped with cattle, poultry and machinery, the price of these to be repayable by the settler in twenty-five equal yearly payments, with interest at five per cent, no payment being asked until at least a year after settlement.

The scheme, which was started in 1922, only families were accepted which, after careful investigation, were approved as suitable by the emigration agents of the Canadian Government. Farm leases were prepared for each family, and the land was farmed. No family, however, was permitted to operate a farm immediately upon arrival. Canadian experience, it was recognized, must be gained, and lands were leased to neighboring farmers or agricultural experts, and the new found settlers, having abilities, garden and pasture. The farmer of the family and children of an age to work were directed to employment in the lumbering industry. The first families accepted under the scheme for Canada in March, 1922, and subsequently during the first year approximately 500 families, numbering nearly 2,500 people, have come to Canada under its provisions.

Somewhat publicity has been given in the Dominion to the success of the wife of one of these British settlers who, after only four months' residence on the farms in Canada, secured all the first prizes for dairy products at the fair in a British Columbia town. The wife had had no previous experience of this first contingent of British settlers, however, this is found to not be exceptional, but rather indicative of the fact that has been accomplished in the brief period of time. In Canada some twenty families experienced dissatisfaction, disaffection, or inability to proceed along the original lines under the scheme, and turned their attention to other forms of farming. Of the total, 452 families in 1922 and 55 per cent of all those who settled in 1925, have definitely expressed themselves as happy and satisfied, and glad that they moved.

A group of young, sturdy married experience, gathered together by the department of immigration and colonization, makes very gratifying reading to those who have found it a matter of deep regret that it has not been found possible to have the scheme to affect so great agricultural development in Canada along British lines. Such families as dropped out of the scheme, it was found, had not formed a proper conception of actual farm life in Canada. In several cases they did not know what a farm was essential to success, or that a farm which could be purchased at a moderate price, with no payment down, with low interest, and at long terms, must necessarily be a good investment and not easily disposed of when so frequently conceived as a typical Canadian farm home. The review, taken altogether, goes to show that every one of the British families which set out in the right spirit, acted by a spirit of adventure, seem destined to see the future result of peasant labor, which achieved an initial measure of success which is very gratifying to Canada and must be highly pleasing to themselves.

Fish Flavored Cream

Absolute Cleanliness, Pure Water and Food is Necessary.

In Bulletin No. 57 of the Dominion department of agriculture, Mr. W. F. Jones, chief of the division of dairy industries, gives the conditions necessary to secure a good fish flavored cream. First in importance is absolute cleanliness in which is included clean and pure water and food. Any dirtiness or impurity in either affects the cream. Cows should have access to the ocean, and the cleanliness of the animals is not only imperative, but also that of the milkers and of the utensils used. Galvanized tanks, says Mr. Jones, are difficult to clean and flavors have been traced to them. Utensils which should be used. Dairy utensils should be "lined" in lukewarm water, then washed in hot water containing a little washing soda, using a brush (not steel) on both the inside and outside. The utensils should then be rinsed with boiling water and place the implements where they will drain and dry, preferably exposed to the sun-shine. Use a new piece of cheese cloth for straining after each milking, and wash the cloth in warm water and dry quickly. The new type, our authority says, consisting of a combination of whey, meat and absorbent cotton strainers, lessens the danger of poor flavors.

Germany Goes In For This Industry On Large Scale

Great Britain is almost the only country where dairymen practically unknown.

It is true that there are excellent trout and salmon hatcheries, but these are run only for the sake of stocking waters for sport.

Germany goes in for estarming on a large scale before the war Germans bought huge quantities of eels, or young eels, in England. Eney, the Severn, was their source of supply, and in four years they took several thousand eels by boat from the English fish grounds.

The most up-to-date farm in the world is at Nelsen, on the Danish island of Zealand, where an artificial lake of nearly fifty acres is stocked with eels. The eels are raised in ponds which are cleaned with sea pumps have been set up to pump salt water from the bay close by into the lake, and a special passage is arranged with fresh water flowing out of it to attract the eels or young eels from the sea.

Disease of Modern Life

Naughtiness among children is the disease of civilized life. Dr. J. A. Hadfield, a well-known author and lecturer, a resident in London, The speaker said his father had spent thirty years in the South Sea Islands without having ever heard any quarreling among the native children.

You borrow from yourself; when you eat down expenses.

It could be a good shot, but he makes some awful Mrs.

The Poor Forgotten

Cardinal O'Connell, of Boston, thinks the late Frank Munsey might have left some of his millions to the poor rather than the whole estate to his son-in-law and son-in-law who probably are many who will agree with his opinion. No artist could ever perfectly transfer to canvas the real magnificence of a single summer sunset. Which is the heritage of rich and poor? Those who can't afford to buy, who can't enjoy a picture when their stomachs are empty and everything seems to be going dead wrong—*Our Twa Journal*.

A genius is a fool who succeeds; a fool is a genius who fails.

A woman can make a pie out of anything she wants to.

W. S. U. 1514

Aid To Agricultural Industry

Forecast of Proposed Legislation in Speech From the Throne in Manitoba House

Legislation providing for special aid to the agricultural industry, a general revision of the laws dealing with Manitoba's industrial and natural resources, creation of local government boards and curtailment of the horse racing season in the province, were among the speech from the throne read by Lieutenant-Governor Alcock at the ceremonial opening of the fifth session of the seventeenth Legislature of Manitoba.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

provincial and county governments

and towns, was to be introduced

at the coronation of King George V.

The agricultural aid scheme,

consisting of various loans to the

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

The founding of a choir for women in the University of Manitoba, is being promoted by the Manitoba Music Teachers' Association.

Sir William Henry D. Haggard, 80, brother of the late Sir Rider Haggard, the novelist, is dead at Mentone, France. Sir Rider died in the British diplomatic service in 1869.

Sergeant Sivinsky, a professional spy, charged by the state with causing the death or betrayal of 135 revolutionaries, was sentenced to death in Russia.

A recent figure reveals that more than 1,500,000 tourists visited Italy during the year. Many were attracted by the festivities in connection with Holy Year.

The Canadian National Railways has signed a contract with the British Empire Steel Corporation to take 600,000 tons of coal from the Nova Scotia mines.

G. G. Coote, Progressive, MacLeod, Alta., proposes to move in the House of Commons for a substantial reduction in the customs tariff on automobile and motor trucks.

A new Chinese Communist character was held recent in Peking by workers and coal miners as well as by students. No national flags were to be seen.

The Norwegian Aero Club announces that all who Norge, in which Rolland Astley is the pilot, will make their attempts to reach the North Pole this year, will be commanded by her Italian constructor, Colonel Nobili.

Among several students who will be "out" to the bars, Miss Dorothy Lorraine, son of her late husband, to the late Earl of Dartmouth, her father, Lady CHION, who is twenty-six years old, passed her final bar examination last year. She plans to practice as a barrister.

Local government has offered for gate the former Count's sumptuous nine hundred piece dinner service, made of the finest rock crystal. This superb dinner set was used only when royalty were the guests of the emperor and empress. It cost \$80,000.

It is offered at a fraction of that sum.

Another local government pensioner, a provincial horse pool, all functioning through one selling agency, was predicted by C. H. Goodman, Dominion statistician, addressing the Manitoba Beekeepers' Association convention. Such cooperation was essential, he said. If provincial products were to get proper prices for their products.

Was Not Receiving

Instalment Credit?—Your Father home?—Small Daughter—What is your name, please?—Instalment Cuttector—Just tell him it is his old friend Bill.—Small Daughter.—Then be sure in, because I heard him tell mother that if any bills came he wasn't at home—Boohoo Eagle.

To Whom

Name: _____
Town: _____
Province: _____
Send 25c coin or stamp (wrap card carefully)

ECLIPSE FASHIONS
Exclusive Patterns
by *Stella Lang*

A Smart Example of the Flare

Satin once more asserts its claim and lends its lustre to the garment. The blouse is a simple affair with a slim bodice more than meets its match in a full ruffled tunic. Encircling at the waist is a belt of matching material. The blouse is cut to fit, the sleeves are long and tight, flaring softly at the shoulder. The blouse and the tunic frock are plain and in one piece, the blouse being finished separately and joined to the frock after the fitting treatment. A small hooked screw inside the side of the radio table will serve to hang the phones on when they are not in use and will eliminate the likelihood of their being knocked to the floor and damaged.

ON THE AIR
What Is Doing in the World of Radio

All circuits must be at least slightly regenerative to obtain maximum distance and volume.

Investigations are being made to determine the feasibility of connecting American and English telephone lines by radio.

Using foreign farmer-organizations was the theme of an address given from CKRS, Regina, by George F. Edwards, president and secretary of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association.

A mysterious practical jester broadcaster who signed himself "Eiffel Tower, Paris," was tried to Philadelphia, after the Radio Week committee had received a cable denial from France that the Eiffel Tower was not the air.

A South Dakota cospuncer sends a note to the radio station in his city. "I am about two miles north of Denver, where houses run wild and the weather goes to 60 degrees below zero. When it's too cold to sleep I sometimes stay up all night listening to radio programs."

Cosuncers in hearing headphones will add readily to their services to owners. When properly made, headphones are delicate instruments and should not be thrown about or allowed to drop. Complete loss of efficiency results if protection is not given to the heads or controls.

A small hooked screw inside the side of the radio table will serve to hang the phones on when they are not in use and will eliminate the likelihood of their being knocked to the floor and damaged.

Another Important Discovery

Inulin Can Now Be Developed in Chemically Pure Form

Development of insulin, discovered in 1921 by Dr. J. J. Banting, Charles Best, and Dr. M. F. Macleod, of Toronto, in the form of a chemically pure crystal was announced before the Chicago Institute of Medicine by Dr. John J. Abel, professor of pharmacology in Johns Hopkins Medical School.

The diagram shows just how the pieces go together, and No. 1251 is in the possession of the U.S. Patent Office. Size 32 best requires 5½ yards 36-inch, or 3½ yards 54-inch material. Price

Many styles of smart apparel may be found in our new fashion catalogues. The latest in tailoring and pattern cutting in the heart of the style centres, and their creations "have the taste of tested and approved models."—*Montreal Star*.

The diagram shows just how the pieces go together, and No. 1251 is in the possession of the U.S. Patent Office.

Abel, in a recent address at Saskatoon, G. W. Kirby, of Calgary, stated that insulin is now being produced in a square deal and are not getting a square deal today. In his opinion some of the trouble in the rural schools rests with the rural trustee, who is not always a good trustee, and a chemistry labratory has been

looked upon as something of great

importance, because of the prob-

ability that such a crystal will lead to the synthetic production of insulin in abundance.

Insulin, as now made, is a crude

solution derived from pancreas,

and therefore its chemical form,

as distinct from the organic material with which it is mixed, has not been determined.

Dr. Abel has been considering the possible means of opening the way for ex-

perimentation of insulin's component parts.

Another important phase of the dis-

cussion from the scientific standpoint

is that it may lead to knowledge of chemicals which will act as diabetes preventatives.

The present use of insulin in dia-

betes treatment is not as a curative but as a neutralizing agent.

It protects the body from the effects

of the disease and from death, but its

use must be continued throughout life.

Another important phase of the dis-

cussion from the scientific stand-

point of view is that insulin is not

the only factor in the disease.

Some cities with previous high death

rates showed substantial decreases as

a result of street improvements, legisla-

tion and law enforcement.

Los Angeles was an outstanding example

of the disease and from death, but its

use must be continued throughout life.

The trustee, however, would be rea-

sonable to run the risk of being gassed, be-

cause of the difficulty they would have

in finding other accomodations.

The judge said: "If an accident hap-

peneed the government alone would be

blamed."

Impressed With South Africa

The formidable Impression received

by the Prince of Wales during his re-

cent tour of South Africa seems to

have had an influence on his brother,

Prince Henry. The London Daily Ex-

press prints a dispatch from Cape Town stating that it is the opinion of

Prince Henry that the Earl of Athlone

is the most suitable man to be ap-

pointed to the staff of his uncle,

the Earl of Athlone, who is govern-

or-general of South Africa.

Madame...—There some talk of

you marrying a duke?"

Elton—"Yes, but you see the duke

didn't say anything to her about it."

GRIPPE!

Stop it at the start. Heat and

Inhale Minard's also bathe the

feet in Minard's Liniment.

MINARD'S

"KING OF PAIN"

LINIMENT

W. H. DAWSON & CO., NEW YORK

Montreal, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Toronto, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Vancouver, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Calgary, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Edmonton, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Gatineau, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Winnipeg, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Halifax, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

St. John, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Quebec, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Nova Scotia, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Newfoundland, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Victoria, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Ottawa, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

St. John's, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Moncton, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Fredericton, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Charlottetown, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Gaspé, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Montebello, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Montreal, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Toronto, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Vancouver, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Calgary, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Edmonton, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Gatineau, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Winnipeg, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Halifax, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

St. John, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Quebec, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Nova Scotia, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Newfoundland, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Victoria, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Charlottetown, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Gaspé, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Montebello, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Montreal, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Toronto, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Vancouver, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Calgary, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Edmonton, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Gatineau, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Winnipeg, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

St. John, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Quebec, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Nova Scotia, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Newfoundland, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Victoria, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Charlottetown, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Gaspé, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Montebello, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Montreal, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Toronto, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Vancouver, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Calgary, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Edmonton, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Gatineau, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Winnipeg, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

St. John, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Quebec, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Nova Scotia, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Newfoundland, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Victoria, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Charlottetown, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Gaspé, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Montebello, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Montreal, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Toronto, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Vancouver, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Calgary, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Edmonton, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Gatineau, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Winnipeg, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

St. John, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Quebec, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Nova Scotia, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Newfoundland, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Victoria, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Charlottetown, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Gaspé, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Montebello, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Montreal, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Toronto, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Vancouver, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Calgary, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Edmonton, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Gatineau, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Winnipeg, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

St. John, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Quebec, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Nova Scotia, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Newfoundland, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Victoria, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Charlottetown, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Gaspé, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Montebello, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Montreal, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Toronto, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Vancouver, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Calgary, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Edmonton, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Gatineau, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Winnipeg, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

St. John, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Quebec, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Nova Scotia, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Newfoundland, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Victoria, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Charlottetown, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Gaspé, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Montebello, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Montreal, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Toronto, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Vancouver, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Calgary, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Edmonton, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Gatineau, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Winnipeg, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

St. John, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Quebec, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Nova Scotia, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Newfoundland, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Victoria, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Charlottetown, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Gaspé, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Montebello, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Montreal, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Toronto, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Vancouver, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Calgary, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Edmonton, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Gatineau, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Winnipeg, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

St. John, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Quebec, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Nova Scotia, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Newfoundland, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Victoria, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Charlottetown, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Gaspé, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Montebello, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Montreal, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Toronto, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Vancouver, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Calgary, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Edmonton, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Gatineau, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Winnipeg, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

St. John, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Quebec, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Nova Scotia, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

Newfoundland, DAWSON & CO., LTD.

</div

FARMERS SHOULD REDUCE COST AT PRODUCING END

Saskatoons.—Not only must the farmers, through their cooperatives, see that they receive a better price for their commodities, but they must prevent the waste of money which they have to buy up fruit being advanced cost mdually, was the message conveyed to the delegates attending the annual convention of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association here by Donald G. McKenzie, secretary of the United Farmers of Manitoba and a director of the United Grain Growers, Ltd.

Stating that the U.F.M. members, although by leaps and bounds, Mr. McKenzie urged farmers in that province to proceed to their problems in such a way as to create conditions surrounding the farmer which will ensure him a reasonable return for his efforts, he said to this must not only devote thought to co-operative marketing of the produce, but also to the reduction of costs of production.

Mr. McKenzie said that if those present could have gone with the farmers down to the Crows Nest Pass to ensure that the Crows Nest rates were not abrogated and observe what was going on there, they would see very clearly the necessity for having the rates reduced.

Mr. McKenzie said that during the past decade the status of the farmer has been very much improved. Today the farmer was no longer referred to as "scared" or "mossbacked" because he had demanded that he was quite capable of looking after his interests.

Big Deal in B.C. Lumber

International Harvester Co. Invests Six Million in Pulwood Properties

The extensive Canadian holdings of the Great Northern Lumber Company and the Borealis Company, Lumber and Pulp and Paper Company were consolidated to a consolidated and reorganized company known as the Canadian Forest Products Limited, with the Harvey Company holding a controlling interest.

Cyrus McCormick, Jr., Chicago, is president of the new corporation. It was announced that the Harvey Company's interests in the timber properties of Western Canada with that of the Borealis Company, Lumber and Pulp and Paper Company were consolidated to a consolidated and reorganized company known as the Canadian Forest Products Limited, with the Harvey Company holding a controlling interest.

It is reported that more than 10,000 cars are held up at sidings in Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Photograph Canada From Air

Topographical Survey Aid Air Force In Successive Work

Ottawa.—Through the closest cooperation of the Royal Air Force and the department of agriculture, a series of the latest 6750 square miles of Canadian territory have been successfully photographed during the past season. This rapid progress, it is estimated, will save millions of dollars in the successful application of aerial photography in a practical and economical way as an aid to the development of Canada's resources.

The operations were carried on in two distinct phases, one from air bases already established.

The work performed, however, was located in Manitoba and Western Ontario, where 37,700 square miles of forest and mineral areas were photo graphed.

On October the Rideau Canal, Rideau Lakes and part of the Muskoka area were successfully photographed. The mapping of some 4,000 square miles was completed in time for the delivery of the first report of the British and Canadian district of Red Lake, as part of the Manitoba operations. A section of the Pas de la Prairie and Hudson's Bay Railway were also photographed. Further views were taken in Northern Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Congestion Becoming Serious

Interior Elevators Plugged As Result Of Embargo On Grain Shipments

Winnipeg.—Congestion of interior elevators as the result of the embargo of the shipment of grain to the head of the lakes and Pacific coast, as well as the recent adoption of the prairie wheat pools and the United Grain Growers, Limited.

They report that thousands of load cars are held up at the grain elevators and all the sidings between Winnipeg and Fort William are congested and filled with grain cars and with farmers still marketing grain even day, hundreds of interior elevators are idle.

Until the all rail movement of grain becomes greater, there will be no relief, these officers state.

It is reported that more than 10,000 cars are held up at sidings in Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Sees Prosperous Times

Sir Harry Thornton Says All Signs Point to Revival of Business

Duluth, Minn.—All signs point to a promising trade revival and business prosperity in the United States and Canada, according to Sir Harry Thornton, president of the Canadian National Railways, told a gathering of more than 700 persons at the open forum luncheon of the local chamber of commerce here. Another another crop, Sir Harry said, would make 1925 a banner year.

The Canadian railway chief gave his impression of conditions in Europe gleaned from his recent trip to England and France. The conditions were rapidly recovering from the period of post-war depression, and the Dause's plan, he said, has been favorably received everywhere in Europe.

Urge Empire Settlement

Prince of Wales Would Like to See More Empire Colonies

London.—Close cooperation between Great Britain and the dominions in the matter of empire settlement was urged by the Prince of Wales, who addressed the Dominion Zealand parliament thus:

"The Prince said the great migratory stream must henceforth both the overpopulated Old Country and the dominions "with their vast virgin regions of possibilities." I should like to see more willing exchange settling on the land overseas as a definite career," the Prince stated.

Aus Can Trade Treaty Rapped

Ottawa.—One of the most important parts of the Canadian trade treaty on the Canadian dairy industry is to be discussed in the house. Donald Sutherland, of South Oxford, intends to move that the treaty is discriminating unfairly against the Canadian agricultural industry and that "immediate action should be taken to remove such discrimination."

Heads German Delegation

Berlin.—Dr. Von Berndt, former German ambassador to the United States, will head the German delegation to the preliminary disarmament conference at Geneva.

Establish State Monopoly

London.—An Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Constantinople says the Turkish National Assembly at Ankara has adopted laws establishing state monopoly in petroleum and sugar.

Investigate Complaints About Canadian Apples

Fruit Not Tainted With Arctic Says Department of Agriculture

Ottawa.—Canadian apples are not contaminated with arsenic.

Recent complaints that apples grown in the northern part of Canada, a residue of the gas used in smelters needed for smelting during their growth has prompted the department of agriculture to make a rigid investigation.

"No trouble has ever arisen over smelting so far as an orchard in Canada is aware," said the department of agriculture in a press release.

"No trouble has ever arisen over smelting so far as an orchard in Canada is aware," said the department of agriculture in a press release.

It is understood that the complaints arose because apples grown in some districts in the United States were said to have retained a quantity of arsenic residue of the Paris gas spraying solution used in the orchards.

MARKETING PLAN OF CANADA WEST ROAD TO SUCCESS

Subscription Required of Cooperative Marketing Council to Strengthen the Efforts of the Producers as It Is Being Done in Western Canada

Winnipeg.—The marketing of grain by the annual convention of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers here, as the members of the Marketing Council, a new organization that from the standpoint of farmers, would give lasting results.

The eyes of the world are upon Western Canada, wondering if this great experiment can be repeated in Western Canada and that the method of marketing grain even day, hundreds of interior elevators are idle.

The producer body must be the strongest co-operative organization in different countries of the world, including Denmark, Germany and England, where this system of disposing of farm produce had proven successful. He pointed out that in Western Canada, development was starting along similar lines.

"In Western Canada the improvement of marketing facilities for the farmer has been gradual and has at various times been held up by regulation," he said. "First we find that agricultural societies of different kinds were organized and their efforts were first directed toward improving farm marketing facilities, and then came the general improvement in marketing of grain, but the movement has spread and today we will find a general trend towards co-operation, by which it is hoped that the farmer will receive a reasonable margin of profit on his output."

The minister of customs pointed out that when a certificate is issued on a shipment bound for the United States, the designated United States customs office is asked to issue a certificate.

Mr. Bowlin declared that regulations were being enforced to the letter and all treaty obligations to the United States observed so far as the Dominion department of customs was concerned.

Siegh Dog Chases Wolf

Port Arthur, Ont.—Mrs. R. Falshaw, Kaminkatogas, got a thrilling ride home last night when a German police dog gave chase to a wolf which had crossed her trail.

Despite the fact that he was pulling Mrs. Falshaw and a load of provisions on a toboggan, the dog was winning the race when the wolf had the best of the dash and disappeared.

The dog was finally captured by the police.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

Washington.—Although the Senate has given practically the decision that the United States shall enter the World Court, the controversy over this question apparently is only beginning.

Therefore, the question is whether the resolution, introduced earlier, will receive the needed two-thirds majority and the reservations which would virtually nullify United States participation are expected to receive but a slight decrease of from \$22,283,000 in 1924 to \$23,002,000 in 1925, a feature which invariably accompanies a year of exceptionally good grain crops.

Senate Urges U.S. Entry Into World Court

RED ROSE "is good tea" TEA

Over 30 years a standard wherever good tea is liked.

Fathers and Sons

From either the contemplation of abstract phases of life, or the joys and trials of ordinary affairs, it is refreshing to turn to an occasion of robust, red-blooded companionship such as is called forth by the association of fathers and sons in the annual observance of Father and Son Week.

There is much philosophizing on the Brotherhood of Man, much dogmatizing on the Fatherhood of God, but all is meaningless without a proper appreciation of the vital relationship between the individual father and the individual son.

No more congenial field for development can be given a boy in which he may discover the true relationships which should exist in life than in the atmosphere of an understanding father's influence. What matters of vast import in a few years' time depend on the impressions obtained at this stage of the time?

A long while has been made from the days when the old woodshed interview was about the only occasion on which a father became intimate with his son and summed up the then acknowledged wisdom of the father as judge and teacher. In those days, too, a boy's character was shaped to a large extent by what he learned from his father and from other men of the test of the time. We are thankful that today we can point to the fellowship of father and son in contacts running throughout all the family activities, in many interests of the community and reaching out to things Provincial and even Dominion-wide.

It is natural for a father to attribute this change? In a large measure it is due to a keen appreciation of all the aptness and truth of the poet's statement that "the boy is father to the man." The fathers realize it in the winged passage of time, daily clutching the opportunities for them to prepare and inspire their lads to greater things than they themselves have done and in the urgency of fulfilling their privileged duty of leading their boys toward a truer sense of values.

The sons recognize it in the urge to look beyond the present to that dim time which forever beckons to youth—the time of the realization of their powers and possibilities. And the sense of his not long to be delayed responsibility throws him back to gleefully think those traits which commandship with a mature mind might give him. And the impulse of this seeking is natural, for the boy's heart and soul are not moved as yet by the love and the sympathetic counselor and guide, and the son realizes he is not only the male offspring of this man but is of the fibre of his very heart and soul and holds at his disposal the best of which the father is capable.

So, with the thought of the need, the place and purpose of this high responsibility, the father, in his desire to do his duty, has found a very definite place for his dispensary. During the month of February a week is set aside in which to foster the fellowship of Fathers and Sons. To many fathers this time is a time of real reconsideration of the biggest job of their lives—that of upholding and outfitting the life of a boy, and to the boys come a realization that, though often unexpressed, their fathers are indeed the best friends at home and a personal trust is awakened and strengthened to strengthen the relationship of the home-and-side finds expression in the more faithful performances of their obligations to the home.

Not only are home relationships emphasized, but also Christian fellowship in the Church. That line in Longfellow depicting the village blacksmith going on Sunday to Church and settling amongst his boys carries a punch much harder than the one which has caused the maimed arms and hands of the world at this nail. It is the unavoidable argument with those who would have you "do as I say, not as I do."

Not only are public opportunities provided for in church service and banquet for expression and development between Fathers and Sons, but encouragement is given to the personal and private interchange of thoughts and ideas by means of letters and telephone calls. These golden threads afford a golden opportunity to each participant to make his contribution to that happy estate of perfect understanding between boy and man.

Much might be said of the details of the programme of activities during Father and Son Week. Suffice it to say that, while emphasis is laid on recognition of Fatherhood and Sonship and all they involve during the short period of one week, there is a constant emphasis on the necessity and worthwhileness of understanding between Fathers and Sons based on brotherly fellowship with and deep respect to each other, the whole round, and from this achievement of the soul will flow out a real spirit of brotherhood, embracing the height, breadth and depth of all human relationships, breathing good-will to man and honor to man's Maker.



Total Catch of Sea Fish

The total catch of sea fish on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts during the month of November was 63,15,500 pounds, valued at \$1,406,393. During the same period in 1924 there were 67,55,300 pounds landed, with a value of \$1,629,023.

Test Case

"If you don't believe in advertising," comments the Goderich Slogan, "just put an ad. in this newspaper offering to buy cats at a dollar a head, and see what will happen."

Children Cry for



Fletcher's CASTORIA

MOTHER— Fletcher's Castoria is especially prepared to relieve Infants in Convalescence, Children all ages of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving natural sleep.

Feverishness arising therefrom, and, by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving natural sleep.

To avoid imitation, always look for the signature of *F. & J. Fletcher*. Absolutely Harmless—No Opium. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

Manitoba Winter Fair

Will Be Held At Brandon On March 15 to 19.

The price list for the Manitoba Winter Fair at Brandon, which is staged for March 15 to 19, inclusive, covers the stallion show, poultry show and so on products exhibition, etc., \$10.00 in prime cost. The first feature of the calf-feeding competition this year will be the opportunity given the girls of the province, for the first time in Manitoba, to compete with the boys in the outstanding event of the fair.

The changed regulation in regard to the Dominion Livestock branch prizes for groups of five draft horses, which have been made with a view to getting out of the market the higher priced exhibits, may combine in a group.

The chief change is that, this group no longer calls for get of sire.

The variations in age are rising three to rising eight as from the previous year. Entries are limited to the year.

In passing, these regulations are regarded to prior to commercial horses apply to the winter and spring shows of Alberta and Saskatchewan as well as Manitoba.

BEAUTIFY IT WITH "DIAMOND DYES"

Just Dip to Tint or Boil to Dye

Each 15-cent package contains enough to dye simple samples. You can tint soft-colored shades in berries, hibiscus, berries, silk, ribbons, skirts, waist-dresses, coats, stockings, lace, sashes, curtains, trap-covers, coverings, hangings, etc.

Diamond Diamond, the other kind, will tell your druggist whether the material you wish to color is wool or silk, or rayon, or cotton, or mixed goods.

There was one good thing about the long courtship of old times. It resulted in longer marriage.

**ANAEMIA SHOWS IN
YOUNG SYMPTOMS**

Pains and Aches Disappear When the Blood is Built Up

When the body suffers from anaemia, shows in listlessness, nervousness and headaches as well as in loss of color. Many a woman has been advised to velop which to the patient suggests widely different cures and causes. The cure is quickness with a supply of rich red blood will drive away all these symptoms.

This statement was issued without consultation with the board of directors of the Manitoba pool, and without authority of the Manitoba pool.

"As three members of the Manitoba pool board, our efforts for over two months have been directed in attempting to get the boards of the pool and the U.G.C. together to discuss frankly any difference of opinion that may exist."

"We believe more can be done in this way than by the boards staying apart and each in their own meeting, trying to put up to the other."

It Testifies for Itself—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil needs no testimonial of its powers other than itself. Who better to speak for it than those who eat or contusions, for sprains or burns, for pains in the limbs or body, for rheumatism, for neuralgia, pain itself and needs no guarantee. This shows why this Oil is in general use.

Cost of U. S. Governments

In the year 1925 it cost \$11,000,000,

and now and then one of them is not gov'tred very much at that.

Boston Transcript.

In all difficult complaints that are the result of the degradations of worms in the stomach and intestines Miller's Worm Powders will be found to be a medicine. I owe my cure to this powder.

I had been run down, was pale and sickly looking.

"My back ached and I had to sit still for hours.

Sometimes my head ached and I would feel faint.

But this powder did not help me.

A friend invited me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pill.

He said it was a blood-building medicine.

I took it and I am now again enjoying good health.

You may be sure I shall never take any other medicine.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I thank God for this.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am.

I am now in good health and glad I am

Local and General

Foud—Hide robe evidently used as radiator cover. Owner apply to J. Castator.

Balloons and noise makers at dance on Feb. 12th. Everybody come.

The O. E. S. committee have a novelty dance for the men also. Hurrah boys.

Miss Ida Stoddart is able to be around again after a serious attack of pneumonia.

Miss Martha Jensen of Carmangay spent the week end as the guest of Miss H. Woodhill.

Miss May Ulrich left Saturday for Calgary where she will take up a course in beauty parlor work.

The Ladies' Aid notice of meeting this week at the home of Mrs. F. Smith was omitted by mistake.

G. F. Smith returned home on Wednesday from Calgary, where he had been for medical treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Hoskins and Donald left for Red Deer on Tuesday. Master Don will attend school there.

Novelties are being kept a secret until the night of the dance at the O. E. S. Feb. 12th. Prizes for all events.

A meeting of the Board of the United Church, will be held in the parsonage on Tuesday, February 6th at 8 p.m.

The lady who holds the balloon on the palm of her hand at the finish of the race gets the prize at the dance on February 12th.

Jimmy got dizzy looking out of second story windows, but someone told him there were no windows on mountains.—See Introduce Me.

Mrs. J. N. Baumber is confined to bed the result of an accident by falling on Monday evening. Her many friends wish her speedy recovery.

The death of the fourteen months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. Bennett occurred at the home of Mr. Schneidke on Tuesday morning, from pneumonia.

Keep March the 17th open for big Irish celebration at Carmangay. Miss Jean Gauld in Irish jigs and dances, and a special offering of the "Charles-ton."

Someone asked Jimmy what side of the mountain he would climb, the north side or the south side. He told them—"the outside."—See Introduce Me.

The Ladies' Aid wish to thank all those that helped donate and gave their time during the bonspiel, also the managers of the rink for help and room.

Driving the same ground a second time in the neighborhood of one hundred rabbits were destroyed, about four miles north of town on Saturday. Some 150 people took part in the drive.

On Wednesday night the Carmangay and Champion senior hockey teams met on Champion ice. Champion winning by a score of 9—5. There was a good crowd of spectators who certainly received their money's worth.

Mr. McIeighen happy in distress, cannot be happy now in reading the trade returns. The Conservatives have always based their idea of national prosperity on the balance of trade, and now the balance is with us enormously, greater than ever before in any normal year. We had adverse balances at the height of prosperity, but the Conservatives would not so believe it. With such prosperity, judged by its own standard, he cannot be very happy now.—Albertan.

Found—Boy's gauntlet. Owner call at Chronicle office.

Some mountains don't care who climb them—See Introduce Me.

J. Frpd Scott, barrister will be here on Thursday, Feb. 11, and each Thursday thereafter.

Novelty valentine dance at Carmangay on Monday Feb. 11th with Anderson's orchestra.

The special committee named by the provincial government to investigate the whole question of rural credits has completed its work and will have a formal report ready shortly.

A new municipal hospital district has been established at Innisfail, where a vote taken recently showed a strong majority in favor of the establishment of the hospital district.

Mr. Lou Hurlbut who is employed with H. Ranigan, Vulcan, left last week on a trip to California, to visit his wife and family. He visited his aged parents at Bow Island before leaving for the States. Lou expects to come back.

Carmangay and Champion intermissions met here on Friday night, Feb. 5th, the home team winning. A well contested game by a score of 3—2. There was a good attendance and the spectators were treated to some good hockey.

The Women's Institute will hold a dance in McCullough's hall on Friday evening February 19th. The Anderson orchestra will supply the music, and everything possible is being done to assure a good time for those who attend.

If ice conditions will admit there will be a hockey game here Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock between Champion and Vulcan. Don't miss this game. It will be a good one.

R. Tyler returned from Calgary on Monday, feeling vastly improved as the result of treatment received while in the city. The implement business will now take on additional pep.

A contributor sends in the following suggestion for using the worn out inner tubes. She says that in getting rid of old tubes from cars and vehicles, the old inner tubes may be used. Cut in one-half inch strips long ways of the tube and stretch to fill in tight and tuck. They are not seen and are easier to put on than felt. Put wider strips on the floor of the car. These strips are also nice for inside doors, she says, as they are flexible and pass smoothly over the rug.

FOR SALE—320 acres, East of Champion. What offers?—Herbert Gill.

FOR SALE—480 acres, North East of Champion. What offers?—Herbert Gill.

Change in Train Service

Effective Monday, Feb. 8th, 1926

Train Nos. 511 and 512 will be operated on

Tuesday, Thursday & Saturday Instead of daily except Sunday

Times of trains will remain the same.

No. 511
Tue-Thur-Sat.
10.10 a.m. Lv. Medicine Hat 4:30 p.m.
2.00 p.m. Ar. Lethbridge Lv. 4:20 p.m.

J. E. PROCTOR,
District Passenger Agent,
Calgary.

We
Will
Print
250
Letter Heads
and 250
Envelopes
for any
Farmer
in the
district
for
\$2.50
This
Offer
is worth
Your
investigation.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF NEW SPRING GOODS

New Gingham, New Chambrays, New New Crepes, New Broadcloth, New Voiles. Prepare now for a busy spring, get your sewing done while you have the time. New Spring Dress Patterns and Style books are here, everything ready before the long evenings pass. These new Ginghams are so new you can not resist them.

New Marquisettes, New Cretonnes, New Figured Curtain goods, already here for Spring Cleaning.

New Silk Hose are here, in all the New Season Shades. A very special offer will be made this week. Silk Hose extra long leg in colors of Black, Red Skin, Harvest, Amber, Flesh, Mandarin, Blush and White. Special Per Pair 65c.

New Silk and Wool Hose, ideal for early spring wear. This is a new Ideal in Hose, Wool inside Silk outside in Shades of Harvest, Black, Beach, Straw, Freckles, Moresco and Amber. Special at \$1.25.

McCULLOUGH BROS.

Arcadian Players

IN HIGH-CLASS

VAUDEVILLE

McCullough's Hall

Saturday, Feb. 6th.

See Posters

For Sale

N. E.

4-14-24-W. 4th

\$960

Very Reasonable Terms



Apply to
HERBERT GILL

Why Oil your own Harness
when you can get it done at the Champion Harness Shop for \$1.50 per set?

Eureka Harness Oil and Pure Neatsfoot at right prices

F. J. Clapp, Champion.